



Practise distinguishing which tense you need!

• The Present Perfect is used to describe events that happened at undefined points in time or very recently. You also use it for a finished action with a result in the present. For example: It has rained for two hours. Now the streets are wet.

Signal words: since, for, ever, never, this month/week, today, just, yet, already, recently

Be careful: Don't forget that he/she/it needs "has".

<ul> <li>Lucy</li> <li>watch</li> <li>has watched</li> <li>watched</li> </ul>	_TV last night.
<ul> <li>Until now, I have not</li> <li>have told</li> <li>tell</li> <li>told</li> </ul>	him about it.
<ul> <li>She worke</li> <li>could</li> <li>have</li> <li>has</li> </ul>	ed as a babysitter for a couple of months now.
<ul> <li>I have recently</li> <li>found</li> <li>find</li> <li>finded</li> </ul>	a nice new clothes shop on the high street!

#### 0

#### Up to now he has never \_\_\_\_\_ his keys!

- O loose
- loosing
- ⊖ lost







# 0

## Last week Finn totally \_\_\_\_\_ to do his homework.

- forget
- forgotten
- forgot

#### 0

- The lake \_\_\_\_\_ last night.
- $\bigcirc$  freeze
- $\bigcirc$  freezed
- froze

## ?

Have you ever	kickboxing?
⊖ try	
$\bigcirc$ tried	
○ have tried	

## 0

\_\_\_\_\_ you do an exchange program last year?

- O Have
- O Did
- O Do

## ?

- \_\_\_\_\_ she made up her mind yet?
- 0
- You have \_\_\_\_\_ Daisy, haven't you?
- ⊖ met
- $\bigcirc$  meet
- $\bigcirc$  meeted

# 0

- A thief \_\_\_\_\_ my bike last night.
- $\bigcirc$  has stolen
- $\bigcirc$  stole
- $\bigcirc$  stolen

## 0

- He \_\_\_\_\_ too ill to attend the other day.
- O has felt
- $\bigcirc$  feel
- felt